

A SHORT ACCOUNT ON CASES OF HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSE, ARREST, DETAINING AND SHOOTING IN PAPUA, 30 April 2013 – 22 May 2013

Prepared by: Oktovianus Pogau

NGOs and Churches have been reporting about a series of massive violence, shooting, killing, state's denial of the democratic expressions of opinion, forced disbandment of the peaceful demonstration, arrest and detaining combined with torture in several places, such as in Sorong, Jayapura, Biak, Timika and Wamena, from 30 April 2013 to 22 May 2013.

In the reports it was stated that the security troops of the Papua Police and Indonesian Military of the KODAM XVII/Cenderawasih were the main actors. The democracy in Papua has totally been suppressed. Foreign reporters, international diplomats, and international human rights institutes are "banned" to visit Papua Land.

Commission for Missing People and Victims of Inhumane Actions (Komisi untuk Orang Hilang dan Korban Tindak Kekerasan -- KontraS) and National Papua Solidarity (NAPAS) in Jakarta revealed the same information also, that the state security actions have resulted in four people were shot dead, four people critically wounded, 34 people were arrested, 21 people were detained for legal process with treason charges, except for the Chairman of KNPB, Victor Yeimo, who was jailed to complete his 2 years penalty in prison.

The short chronology of those incidents were reported below according to area/city (the complete table as attached.)

→ Shooting, Torture and Arrest in Sorong

On 30 April 2013, around 21:00pm, the combined troops of military and police used an Avanza car, an Innova car, and a police patrol car approached a group of civilians who were gathering under a tent at the house of Mr. Isak Klaibin. They gathered to pray and to hold a meeting for preparing the commemoration of the day where Papua was annexed into Indonesia.

Seeing the police continued to patrol, including stopping the people who would like to attend the prayer service at the house of Mr. Isak Klaibin, the civilians were agitated and stopped the Avanza Car. Later, they realized that inside the car was the Vice Chief of Sorong Police (Wakapolres Sorong). Realizing that the people stopped the Wakapolres' car, the TNI/Polri troops became infuriated and started to shoot.

Five civilians were shot. Three died, i.e. Apner Malagawak (22), Thomas Blesya (28), and Ms. Salomina Klaibin (37) – she died after receiving a medical treatment for one week at Se Be Solo Hospital in Sorong. These who were critically wounded, and were taken care by their families, were Herman Lokden (18), and Andreas Sapisa (22).

Around 22.30 pm, the troops arrested six civilians. They were Klemens Kodimko (71), Obeth Kamesrar (65), Antonius Safuf (62), Obaja Kamesrar (40), Yordan Magablo (42) and Hengky Mangamis (39). They were charged with treason as stated in the Articles 106, 107, 108, 110, 160, and 164 KUHP of the Criminal Code Book with the possible maximum jail penalty of 20 years.

On the 9 May 2013, approximately at 12.30 pm, Mr Isak Klaibin (38), suspected to be the Leader of OPM for Sorong area, surrendered himself to the custody of the Police after being encouraged to do so by the church in Sorong. Klaibin was also charged with treason as mentioned in articles 106, 107, 108, 110, 160, and 164 KUHP with the possible maximum jail penalty of 20 years.

➤ **Arrest, Torture, and Detain in Timika**

Arrest, torture and detain was also taken place in Timika on 1 May 2013, around 13:00pm. A number of civilians gathered at Jalan Trikora, right in the front of a primary school (SD Negeri II) of Kwamki Baru, Timika, to pray. It was also known that before that, the Bintang Kejora flag has been hoisted on a short pole. Seeing that, the police troops of the Timika Police, assisted by some military personnel of Garnizun TNI, dispersed the people, and repeatedly shot to the air.

The troops arrested 16 civilians. They were heavily tortured while they were taken to the police headquarter. Those who were detained were Domy Mom, Altinus Uamang, Musa Elas, Jhony Niwilingame, Hari Natal Limagay, Jhon Kum, Semuil Deikme, Miriyan Tzenawatme, Mon Deikme, Aminus Hagabal, Yacob Onawame, Hery Onawame, Biru Kogoya, a person of Ayamaru tribe in Sorong, a person with Beanal family name, and Alpon.

In the following day, 8 civilians were freed, and 7 were detained and charged with treason as stated in Articles 106, 107, 108, 110, 160, 164 of the Criminal Code Book, with the possible jail penalty of 20 years.

➤ **Arrest of Civilians in Biak**

On the 1st of May 2013, approximately 04:00am, an activity of flag raising took place at the Training Office of the Regency Government of Biak, located at the Ibdi village. After receiving this information, the troops were dispatched to down the flag, and then the police assisted by the military personnel searched for those involved in the flag raising.

In the following day, five people with the following initials: YW, YA, YB, OW, MG and GSY arrested by the police and military troops at Ibdi village. While they were taken to the police office, they were tortured and were forced to admit that they were the ones who raised the flag. They have already been charged with treason as defined in the following articles: 106, 107, 108, 110, 160, 164 KUHP, with the maximum penalty of 20 years in jail.

➤ **Prohibition and Dispersal of Peaceful Protest, and Unlawful Arrest in Jayapura**

In 1 May 2013, approximately 09:30am, right in the Abepura roundabout, located at the front of the post office, the state apparatus once again arrested a member of KNPB, Martinus Yohame (26). Yohame was orating on that time in order to gather the mass to undertake a demonstration, but also to attend a prayer gathering in Sentani, in order to commemorate the Day of Papua being annexed into Indonesia. Until the writing of this report, no news have been heard about Yohame.

In 8 May 2013, students and community in general, as part of the alliance of Solidarity for the Respect of Human Rights (Solidaritas Peduli Penegakkan HAM -- SPP HAM) submitted a notification letter to the police number: 00/SP/PAN-SPHAM-UTSN/V/2013, about the agenda of the demonstration to be held on 13 May 2013. The Papua police refused to issue a letter mentioning it has received the letter with the reason that SPP HAM as an organization to undertake the demonstration did not have the constitution and had not yet been registered at the Agency of Nation Unity and Politics (Badan Kesbangpol) of the Papua Province.

But, on the 13 of May 2013, SPP HAM continued to undertake a peaceful demonstration. The aim was to demand the accountability of the state upon the death of three civilians in Aimas, Sorong, and the unlawful arrest and detention of civilians in Sorong, Biak, Mimika, and Jayapura, on the 30 April and 1 May 2013.

The demonstration started at around 8:30am, in the front of the Cenderawasih University campuses in Waena and Abepura, as well as at the Taman Budaya Expo in Waena, Heram District, Jayapura. The police troops forcefully dispersed the demonstrations, claiming there was no permit. During the process, the police arrested four civilians involved in the demonstration, and tortured a student of Cenderawasih University. These arrests and torture took place in the front of the bus stop of Cenderawasih University, Perumnas 3, Waena, Jayapura.

Those four people arrested were Victor Yeimo (is still detained), Marthen Manggaprouw (has been released), Yongky Ulimpa (released), Elly Kobak (released), and Markus Giban (an Uncen Student who was hit with the gun, his left hand was broken, and is currently treated at the Abepura Hospital).

On 22 May 2013, approximately 12.00pm, Yason Ngelia, the Chairman of Students Body, Faculty of Social and Political Science, Cenderawasih University (BEM Fisip Uncen) was detained and interrogated by the police in Jayapura. "I refused to be interrogated because there is indictment letter, but they (police) said that it was an order [from the superior] so you better cooperate," according to Yason. Yason was interrogated for 6 hours (12.00- 18.00pm) related to demonstration in the front of Cenderawasih University campuses on the 13 of May, which was the forcefully dispersed by the police troops – including mobile brigade (BRIMOB). Yason Ngelia was the field coordinator of that demonstration.

→ **Shooting of Civilian by an Indonesian military personnel, Wamena**

On 9 May 2013, 09:30am, at Jalan Yos Soudarso, a civilian was shot. He was known as Arton Kogoya. According to some eye witnesses, Arton was drunk and caused quite a stir in an internet kiosk at Jalan Yus Sudarso. The owner of the kiosk then called a number of military personnels. Six military personnels rebuked the victim, but because he did not pay any attention, he was shot six times and died on the spot.

DATA ON VICTIMS OF VIOLENCE, ARREST AND SHOOTING IN PAPUA,

30 April 2013 – 22 May 2013

Prepared by: Oktovianus Pogau

NO	TIME/PLACE	NAME OF VICTIMS	ACTOR/WITNESS	REMARKS

1	<p>30 April 2013, 09:00pm, at Jalan Klalin, Kelurahan Aimas, Distrik Aimas, Sorong Regency, West Papua.</p>	<p>Casulties were Abner Malagawak (22), Moi tribe. He was shot dead on his right chest. Thomas Blesia (22), Teminabuan tribe. He was shot dead at the back of his head. Mrs. Salomina Klabin (37) of Moi tribe. She was shot at her stomach, and right thigh and calf. She was hospitalized for one week but later died in the Sebesolo hospital, Sorong.</p> <p>Victims of shootings in critical condition due their wounds were Herman Lokden (18), a young man of Moi Marei tribe, was shot at his back; and Andreas Safisa (23), male, Moi tribe, he was shot at his right thumb, and left hand.</p>	<p>According to reliable sources, these people were shot by a combined troops of Indonesian military from the Army District 1704/Sorong and Sorong City Police. They were under the command of the Vice Chief of Sorong Police, Police Commissioner Yudhi Pinem.</p> <p>The witness was Thomas Daimboa (40), the Chairman of RT/RW 01/03 (neighborhood). He was present at the site during the incident. He gave his testimony to Suara Papua media (www.suarapapua.com)</p>	<p><u>Chronology</u>: a number of civilians gathered at the hose of Mr. Isak Klabin, Jalan Klalin, RT/ RW 01/03, to discuss activities to be don on the 1 May 2013 – to be commemorated as the Day of Annexation of Papua into Indonesia. They would like to conduct a prayer gathering, no plan to raise the Kejora flag.</p> <p>As the same time, the combined troops of Indonesian military and police continued to alert, and were monitoring the activity of the civilians in Jalan Klalin, as well as Sorong in general. Approximately at 7 pm, two Toyota Avanza cars and one police patrol car (L-200 Mitsubishi) went back and front on the street near the house where the Papuans gathered. In the L-200 Mitsubishi patrol car, there were five troops wearing police and army uniforms, carrying long barrel riffles. There were people in the two Avanza cars, but their numbers could not be substantiated because it was dark.</p> <p>The military/police troops continued to monitor the situation where the people were gathering. They also prevented who would like to walk to the prayer site. It turned into a very tense situation. People became angry. They blocked the road and stopped the patrol and Avanza cars. As the result, physical contacts happened at the site where the Papuans gathered. The troops started to shoot, approximately 20 times, toward the</p>
		<p>Both were taken care by their families.</p>		

2	30 April 2013, 22.30pm, Jalan Klalin, Kelurahan Aimas, Distrik Aimas, Sorong, West Papua	Victims of arrest, who were also tortured, were Klemens Kodimko (71), Obeth Kamesrar (65), Antonius Safuf (62), Obaja Kamesrar (40), Yordan Magablo (42), and Hengky Mangamis (39).	<p>A reliable source revealed that they were arrested and tortured by the combined troops of Sorong City police and military personnels of Kodim 1704/Sorong.</p> <p>The witness was present at the crime site and saw what happened. He gave his testimony to Suara Papua media. He was Thomas Daimboa (40) the Chairman of RT/RW 01/03.</p>	<p>The arrest and torture of those six civilians after the combine TNI/police troops shot 5 civilians – 3 were dead and two were critically injured. These six civilians were charged with treason according to articles 106, 107, 108 and 110 of the Criminal Code Book, as well as articles 160 and 164 of the Criminal Code Book regarding obstructing the public order.</p> <p>Currently, those six civilians are provided the legal assistance by LP3BH Manokwari as well as Peradin of West Papua Province on the request of the Synod of Christian Evangelical Church of Papua Land (Sinode Gereja Kristen Injili di Ranah Papua).</p> <p>According to the police, these civilians might be punished with maximum penalty of 20 years in jail.</p>

3	1 May 2013, 09.15am, the Roundabout in the front of the Post Office, Abepura, Jayapura City, Papua Province.	Victim of arrest, who was also tortured, was Martinus Yohame (26), Chairman of West Papua National Committee (KNPB) of Sorong area.	<p>Reliable source revealed that those who performed the arrest were Jayapura city police under the direct command of Police Commissioner Alfred Papare, the Chief of Jayapura City Police</p> <p>The witness of the incident was Victor F. Yeimo, the General Chairman of KNPB. He informed the incident to Suara Papua journalist.</p>	Yohame with some of his friends gathered at roundabout in Abepura, right on the front of the Post Office. The purpose is to give political speech, to gather mass, and from there they will go to the five was located to perform Christian service. Before 15 minutes into their oration, they were arrested by the police, and Yohame was beaten. He was taken to Abepura police station to be interrogated. His fate is not clear, whether he has been released or not.

4	1 May 2013, 13:00pm, Jalan Trikora, on the front of the Primary School (SD) Negeri 2, Kwamki Baru, Timika, Papua Province.	The victims of arrest and torture were Domi Mom, Altinus Uamang, Musa Elas, Jhoni Niwilingame, Hari Natal Magai, Jhon Kum, Semuil Deikme, Miryam Stenamun, Mon Deikme, Aminus Hagabal, Yakob Onawame, Heri Onawame, Biru Kogoya, a person with Beanal family name, and Alpon.	<p>A reliable source revealed that those who performed the arrest were the forerunner unit of the Dalmas of Mimika Baru Police Station, the B mobile brigade of Papua Police, and assisted by Garnizun TNI. They were directly commanded by Police Commissioner Jermias Rontini, the Chief of Mimika Police.</p> <p>The witness of the incident was Rev. Ishak Onawame, a prominent religious leader in Timika, Papua.</p>	<p>In relation to a call to commemorate the Annexation Day of Papua into Indonesia, civilians were gathered in a small field at the Jalan Trikora, Timika Baru. After the service, they peacefully raised the “Bintang Kejora” flag. When they saw the flag was raised, the combined troops of the police and military ransacked the crowd. 15 people were arrested, beaten, and then taken to the jail of Mimika Police Headquarter to be interrogated.</p> <p>According to Rev. Onawame, the troops shot many time to the air to disperse the crowds, and easily arrested 15 people in the field. According to the Timika media, 8 people have been released, 7 has been charged with treason according to article 106 of the Criminal Code Book.</p>

5	1 May 2013, 04.00am, Ibdi Village, East Biak District, Papua Province.	The victims of the arrest and torture were people with the following initials: YW, YA, YB, OW, MG and GSY.	<p>A reliable source from Biak reported that the six civilians were arrested by the combined troops of military of Kodim 1704/Biak Numfor, and Biak Numfor Police.</p> <p>The witness, Frans Rumbino, a civilian, who also witnessed the raising of the flag at the government office of Training and Education Centre (Diklat Pusat Pendidikan dan Pelatihan).</p>	<p>The source at the police revealed that these six civilians, charged with treason, as they forced the government' civil servants to attend the flag raising ceremony at 04:00am at the yard of Training and Education Centre (Diklat Pusat Pendidikan dan Pelatihan). After the ceremony, they run from the site.</p> <p>Later, the combined troops of military of Kodim 1704/Biak Numfor and the Biak Numfor Police chased and arrested them in Ibdi Village, and detained for legal process.</p> <p>The information about them is still not disclosed – including their full names and who provided legal assistance to them in that case.</p>

6	9 May 2013, 12.30pm, Sorong City Police Headquarter, West Papua Province.	The victim who surrendered himself due to threat, terror and intimidation by the military/Police in Sorong was Isak Klaibin. He was named as OPM prominent leader for Sorong area.	The church reported. They accompanied and took Isak Klaibin to surrender himself to Sorong Police Headquarter for the sake of security and order in Sorogn city, because they were under threat and pressure from the Police.	<p>It was the house of Isak Klaibin that was used by the people to conduct a religious service and a meeting place on the 30 April 2013. He was also named as the leader of OPM for the Greater Sorong. After the police attacked the civilians, Klaibin apparently hid himself. The troops looked for him and stormed his house.</p> <p>He surrendered himself on the 9 May 2013 due to the insistence of the church. Then, the police interrogated him, and declared him as the treason suspect according to article 106 of the Criminal Code Book. He was detained with other 6 suspects which have been arrested earlier by the police.</p>

7	11 May 2013, 09.30 am, Jalan Yos Sudarso, RT/RW - 01/06, Wamena City, Jayawijaya Regency, Papua Province.	The victim of fatal shooting was Arton Kogoya (26), Lani tribe, a health cadre of the church in Lelam, also a member of the Fellowship of Baptist Churches (Persekutuan Gereja-gereja Baptis Papua -- PGBP).	<p>A reliable source revealed that the actors were six soldiers of a 756 army battalion of Wimane Sili. They were posted at Napua Post, Napua District, Jayawijaya Regency. There was also a child of a military personnel.</p> <p>The witness was a local civilian who refused to mentioned his/her name for the safety reason.</p>	<p>According to several field sources, Kogoya was drunk and cause a small disturbance in an internet kiosk (warnet), in the front of Jalan Trikora. The owner of the kiosk, who has a good relationship with the military personnel, called two soldiers who also in the internet kiosk.</p> <p>They rebuked Kogoya, but he argued. Then, four more soldiers arrived, together with a child of a military personnel who held a stabbing knife. Those six soldiers surrounded the victim to paralyze him, but other people there broke up the fight. They asked the victim to go home.</p> <p>The victim did not go home, but returned to the kiosk. Those six military personnel asked four of them to go to military headquarter Kodim 1702/Wamena to get the weapons. They returned and shot the victim six times on his chest. He died on the spot.</p> <p>The Baptis church denied that the victim has consumed alcohol, because the members of the Baptist church, who were involved in the ministry, were very anti-smoking, alcohol, etc.</p>

8	13 May 2013, 11:00am, on the front of a Bus Stop, the campus of Cenderawasih University, Jayapura, Papua	The victims of arrest and torture by the state apparatus were Victor F Yeimo (30), Chairman of West Papua National Committee; Marten Manggaprouw (30), an activist of West Papua National Solidarity (WPNA), Yongky Ulimpa (23) Uncen student; and Elly Kobak (17) an Uncen student.	<p>Reliable field source reveals that the actors were police troops of the Jayapura City Policy, commanded by their Police Chief, Commissioner Alfred Papare.</p> <p>The eyewitness of the incident was Suara Papua journalist, Arnold Belau.</p>	<p>The plan to undertake a demonstration in order to demand the responsibility of the Indonesian government for the shootings, arrests and torture among the Papuans on 30 April and 1 May 2013 has been announced by the Solidarity for Caring of Respect of Human Rights (Solidaritas Peduli Penegakan Hak Asasi Manusia -- SPP-HAM) using the mass media. The action was going to be centered at the office of Papuan People's Assembly (Majelis Rakyat Papua -- MRP) Kotaraja, Jayapura.</p> <p>There were a number of pro-democracy movements which combined themselves under the umbrella of SPP-HAM, such as KNPB, WPNA, Gard-P, dan hundreds of the students of Cenderawasih University. At 08.30am, hundreds of demonstrators had gathered at the University main gate, Perumnas III, Jayapura.</p> <p>The police, under the command of Jayapura Police Chief, Commissioner Alfred Papare, asked the mass not undertake a long march to MRP office but to send representatives to meet MRP. The mass insisted. In the negotiation an agreement was reached that <u>they would be taken by trucks to the MRP office</u>, but no motorbikes were allowed to drive in the front of the trucks.</p> <p>After moving approximately 50 meters from</p>
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9	13 May 2013, 11.30 am, in the front of Bus Stop, Cenderawasih University, Jayapura, Papua Province. Cenderawasih, Jayapura, Papua.	The victim suffered from a fracture of the left arm was Markus Giban (19), a student of Cenderawasih University.	A reliable source revealed that the actors were troops of Jayapura police, led by the Police Chief, Commisioner Alfred Papare.	Giban was a demonstrator unusing a motorbike. He joined the mass in the University's gate. Suddenly the police forcefully dispersed the demonstrators, beating and hitting Giban on his motorbike. His left hand was fractured and was treated at Abepura government hospital.

10	22 May 2013, 11.30am, Jayapura city police headquarter, Papua Province.	The victim of unlawful arrest was Yason Ngelia (24), The Chairman of Students Executive Body (Ketua Badan Eksekutif Mahasiswa – BEM) of the Faculty of Social and Political Science, Jayapura, Papua.	Ngelia himself revealed that he was arrested and interrogated by the security apparatus of the Jayapura city police, Papua.	<p>Ngelia mentioned that he and some of his colleagues went to the Jayapura Police Headquarter at approximately 08:30am to pick up a demonstration permit letter (STTP) in which the request has been previously submitted. After arriving at the police headquarter, they were told to go home and would be contacted after the STTP has been completely processed. At approximately 11:30am, Ngelia was contacted by an unknown number who stated that the person was from Intelligent and Security Unit (Intelpam) of the Jayapura City Police. He was requested to pick up the STTP.</p> <p>When Ngelia arrived, he was arrested and interrogated for six hours for his involvement in the 13 of May demonstration at the University gate. He revealed that during the interrogation he was threatened so that he would admit his involvement. .</p> <p>At 18:00pm he was released with the condition that STPP would only be issued if the demonstration is held in the University yard, not at the Abepura roundabout, as was planned by Ngelia and his colleagues.</p>
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Civilians that were shot dead: 4 people

Victims that critical would because they were shot and beaten: 4 people

Victims of arrest: 34 people

Undertaking legal process: 21 people